

Sedalia Evening Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, MONDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1892.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

A GREAT STRIKE.

WESTERN TELEGRAPHERS BEGIN A GREAT BATTLE.

All Operators on the Santa Fe System Went Out This Morning—The Missouri Pacific Trouble.

What promises to be the greatest strike in the history of railway telegraph operators was begun last night and from present indications will involve many of the railways in the west. A clear account of the origin of the trouble will be found in the telegraph columns of the DEMOCRAT.

The operators of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe were unable to come to a settlement and the men on this road were ordered out last night. It was found later that this road was under the control of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe. Grand Chief Telegrapher Ramsey this morning at 10 o'clock accordingly ordered a general strike on the entire system of this road. The men walked out and not an instrument is ticking.

The grievance committee of the Missouri Pacific operators adjourned their meeting in St. Louis last Saturday to await a final consultation with Jay Gould in New York. An answer to their demands was to have been made at 11 o'clock to-day. At that time the railway officials requested until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

A DEMOCRAT reporter had an interview with Mr. W. A. Heritage, chief telegrapher of Sedalia Order of Railway Telegraphers, Division No. 221, in which he stated that every operator on the line would leave his instrument should the strike occur. The office at Sedalia the union depot contains six men. The possible strike is the subject of much interest on the streets.

Those Who go to Chicago.

Nevada rifles of Co. H arrived in the city and together with the Sedalia boys marched to the park this morning for a drill. All will leave to-night for St. Louis.

Those going from Sedalia are: Capt. H. C. Demuth, commanding; first lieutenant, Louis Beck; second lieutenant, W. H. Ramsey; first sergeant, W. H. Hogg; Sergeants W. J. Wilson and H. O. Moss; Corporals W. O. Harris, W. Walling and L. E. Stewart; Color Sergeants S. P. Johns and J. D. McCarthy; Chief Trumpeter Henry Miller and Trumpeter Emil Dorn, and the following privates: Frank Sweet, John Goetz, S. W. James, J. J. English, W. W. Whiprecht, R. Lister, A. M. Trader, G. R. Smith, W. A. Cue, O. Zimmerchied, Elliott Stafford, Chas. Whisman, W. Roley and John Taylor.

INDIANA ALL RIGHT.

Governor Francis Tells of the Situation in That State.

Governor Francis returned at noon yesterday from Indiana, says a Jefferson City special to the Kansas City Times, where he has been making speeches for the democratic party at the request of the national democratic committee and of the Indiana state committee. He spoke at Peru, Seymour and Campbellsburg. Peru is in northern Indiana, Campbellsburg and Seymour in the southern part of the state. When asked what he thought of the situation in Indiana the governor replied:

"In my opinion the electoral vote of Indiana will surely be cast for Mr. Cleveland. There is great apathy on the part of the republicans and not so much enthusiasm among democrats as is customary in Indiana when a presidential election is so imminent. Attendance at meetings is very large,

A RAILROAD MAN IN TROUBLE.

The Merchant He Deals With in Fire, Smoke and Water.

The cause of this trouble arose from the fact that the railroad man paid rent from month to month—spent his money and got no benefit. The merchant let the insurance run out and had a fire. These gentlemen could have averted their troubles by going to

Woodfin and Thatcher,

Real Estate, Insurance and Loans,

314 OHIO ST.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

however, and the people listen with attention and interest. The Peru meeting was a large barbaque and the crowd was estimated at from 40,000 to 60,000 people. Governor Gray was with me at Peru and at Campbellsburg and I give it as his opinion that the democrats will certainly carry the state. The inactivity of the republicans is looked upon with some suspicion.

"If money would carry Indiana for the party of protection the favored few would surely advance the money for that purpose; but the Australian ballot law minimizes, if it does not remove, the opportunity for bribery. Republican orators are making vain effort in some sections of the state to frighten the people by prophecies that democratic success means the return of "wildcat" money and general financial disaster. I do not think the deception will prove effective, however, and feel confident that Mr. Harrison's own state will turn him down."

The governor spoke at Olean, Miller county, last night, about thirty miles west of Jefferson City. The crowd was large and enthusiastic, numbering about 3,000 or more. Governor Francis left this afternoon for Macon, where he will meet Governor Boies to-morrow and accompany him to Cameron on the 18th and go thence to Chicago to attend the dedicatory ceremonies at the World's Fair.

REST MEANS WAR.

THE END OF THE WEEK AND ITS FIGHTS.

The Negroes on Battle Row Shoot and Cut—A Lively Saloon Row.

The feeling of relaxation that comes with Saturday night and the consciousness that Sunday is a day of rest, always gives license to a certain class of a city's population to take "just one drink," and wind up with a howling "jag." The sports grow "sportier," the drinker becomes drunker and the fighter howls for gore. A Monday police court always has an indigo color that distinguishes it from days of less pretensions.

About 7 o'clock Saturday night three negroes and a white man were having a game of craps in an alley on West Main streets. "Seben leben" didn't come right and a general fight ensued. During the row a pistol was fired several times and Policeman Eckles and Officer Barnett swooped down upon the gang. The gang took to their heels and escaped in the darkness and it is not known whether or not any of them were hurt.

At Walden's hall on Main street, a cutting affray occurred about 9 o'clock last night in which Gene Bowles came near losing his life. A difficulty arose between him and Elmer Smith when the latter drew a razor and commenced slashing his antagonist. Bowles was cut over the eye and received a gash near the jugular vein. Both were arrested and locked up. The charge of assault with intent to kill will probably be preferred against him.

T. B. McDermann and James Ellis had a fight at McAlester's saloon on Second street, Saturday night, and the air grew thick with glasses, etc. They finally clinched and fell to the floor when McDermann drew a knife. Ellis yelled that he was being cut and the alarm of the police put the gladiators to flight. Ellis is said not to have been cut, the knife being used to scare him.

Rev. Dr. Shaw's Lecture.

Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw will lecture on "The Fate of Republics" at the First M. E. church, Friday night, Oct. 21st, at 7:45, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. and W. C. T. U. The lecture committee has tried for a year past to secure Dr. Shaw, and about three months ago was given the above date. When it was known that Prof. Smith had selected that date for the school Columbian exercises an effort was made to get another date for Dr. Shaw as a large number of the patrons of the school, and also the teachers, desired to hear Dr. Shaw, but it was too late, as all dates were advertised. If the lecture were by local talent, the committee would gladly change the date so that all might hear both lectures.

Patronize the liquor house at 112 Osage street, Frank Krueger.

A RUBBER TRACK.

WILL GO A MILE IN TWO MINUTES.

A Description of the One Proposed at Independence, Ia.—The Success of Its Builder.

The St. Louis Chronicle of yesterday contains a lengthy article descriptive of C. W. Williams, the great Independence, Ia., horseman and his new rubber race track upon which he is confident that a mile can be made easily in two minutes.

Mr. Williams is of medium height, well knit but not heavy, has dark hair, gray blue eyes and a strong face. He is quick of speech, emphatic, but not arbitrary, dearly loves a joke, but will permit no monkey business on business matters. He is secretive in his plans, but the people of Independence do not question his judgment. In 1875 he was driving a milk wagon in Chicago; now he is worth several hundred thousand dollars and owns half of Independence. Upon his Rush Park breeding farm were raised Axtel and Allerton.

For several years he has dreamed about a race track that would be superior to that of dirt and finally hit upon making one of rubber. He secured a large quantity of the broadest and heaviest rubber machinery belting that could be got, and forming it into a stretch of temporary track, made extensive experiments by driving upon it and over it at full speed, and timing and watching the movements of Allerton and other high-speed animals upon it. Those experiments were satisfactory. "Rubber is the coming track," said Mr. Williams, "and I'll be in it at the birth."

Three distinct forms of rubber paving have been suggested and these have many variations. The first is square blocks. Some of these have slightly corrugated tops like the surface of the old style washboards. The corrugation is designed to give more spring to the track and to prevent all slipping. Others of these blocks are smooth on the surface and hollowed out like an inverted saucer on the bottom. This gives extra spring and the hollow at the bottom will hold the block in place, creating a vacuum as the weight of horse or sulky is removed from it, after pressing part of the air out of the concave disc at the bottom. These blocks vary in size from 8 to 18 inches square, while some are oblong. In thickness they run from 2 to 5 inches.

The second form is in long strips which extend entirely across the track. These, like the blocks, vary in having corrugated or intersected grooves and smooth surfaces. Some of the samples shown have concave bottoms, closed at the ends. These strips vary in width from 18 inches to 3 feet and in thickness from 2 to 4 inches.

The second form is in sheets, which, like the strips, extend entirely across the track. They are smooth on the surface and bottom and have an air-space interior which is blown up by a bellows after they are placed in position. These sheets are 24 inches wide and as long, of course, as the track is wide. They are three inches thick, having 1 inch of rubber top and bottom and 1 inch of air-space between.

The rubber track will have these advantages: Its perfectly level surface will enable the horse to know just at what point his foot will touch. It will prevent all stumbling. Its uniform pliability will give a horse confidence. It will never become slippery, a most desirable feature, which, aside from augmenting the confidence of the horse, will greatly reduce the risk of injury to valuable animals when driven at a terrific gait.

A rubber track can be used the instant a rain ceases, and crowds who attend races will not often be disappointed, for races can take place between showers. A horse can be driven on a rubber track without shoes. This is a wonderful advantage, for many horses are ruined in shoeing, and no horse-shoer, no matter how well versed he may be in his art, can so shoe a horse that he will travel as natural as with bare feet. The feet can be trimmed so as to aid the horse much more than does the shoe by his different devices. At best the iron and steel shoes will give way to leather or rubber sandals.

The pneumatic tire largely prevents the sulky from slewing and

Amusements: WOOD'S OPERA HOUSE.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20.

One Night of Fun.

The Little Sunbeam MARIE HEATH

And her company of jolly players in that delightful musical comedy.

A Turkish Bath. (Cleanest Comedy on the road.)

FRANK MURPHY, the original "McGoogle," Henry Vogle, comedian and baritone from "All Bana," Miss Josephine Stanley in the sensational Serpentine Dance.

dragging, thus reducing the pull on the horse. The rubber track will still further reduce this, and together they will remove all tremor from the shafts and from the driver's hands holding the reins, hence the perfect smoothness of everything will be so soothing to a high-bred horse's nerves that with the addition of absolute security of footing, his entire mind, nerves and muscle will be centred on the one object, greater speed.

The question of what kind of a foundation to place underneath the rubber paving is also being considered, but the probabilities are that it will be granitoid or concrete, made from ground granite or limestone rock and cement, forming the same smooth, hard surface as that of the new concrete sidewalks in progressive towns.

Rain Badly Needed.

The cloudy sky to-day gives indication of a much needed rain; the average Sedalian, however, has been disappointed so during the past four weeks that he has given up hope. Rain has fallen throughout the surrounding country and far down into the Indian territory.

The pastures are getting very thin and the ponds and wells in the country are almost dry.

Later—In the language of Josh

Examining Hedge Fences.

A committee of prominent Carroll county gentlemen composed of J. W. Hartis and Daniel Heiny are in the city to-day examining the products of the Farmers' Hedge Co. Sedalia has a hedge industry that is attracting attention throughout the state and visiting committees are in the city every few days.

No Feathers on Him.

Charley Minor has sold his stylish and valuable horse to Sam Johns. Charley is something of a domestic man—though Mrs. Minor should doubtless have the credit—and has a collection of fine chickens. The bunch numbered 65 at one time this summer.

Rare Business Chances.

Valuable real estate, secured notes and cash, to trade for stocks of merchandise in live towns in Missouri or Kansas. Address, "B. M.," Aullville, Missouri.

Off for the Niangua.

Will and Jerry Holcroft, Will McVey, Will Bungardner, Charles Costin and George Berthoux leave to-morrow morning on a two weeks hunting and fishing jaunt on the Niangua river. They have laid in a complete outfit and expect to catch everything in

BUY THE BEST

School

Shoes

—AT—

Wm. Courtney's.

School

Shoes

—AT—



Billings, "this item is spoiled." It rained like the "dickens" to-day for the first time in weeks.

Should Observe the Law.

A gentleman living about three miles west of town was very emphatic to-day in denouncing to a DEMOCRAT reporter those who come from Sedalia to the country and spend Sunday practicing for a wild west show by keeping up a fusillade of firearms. He proposes to file information against them if the practice is continued.

Brother Wright Wants to Fight.

Boonville people are badly spoiled in some respects. A few of them want the earth. It is already taken though. Some expect others to work for accommodation. They'll get left, too. Others like to scrap. The chances are in favor of their accommodation.—Boonville Star.

Chautauqua Meeting.

On to-morrow evening at 7:30 p. m. there will be an important meeting of the different Chautauqua circles and its graduates at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. It is proposed to combine the different circles and arrange for a series of entertainments during the winter.

For Sale.

One story and half house on Electric railway, in East Sedalia. For particulars address or see "Q," this office.

Ripans Tabules purify the blood.

that famous river. Jerry Holcroft bought a fishing pole twenty feet long and six inches in diameter and says he thinks he can land anything that bites.

Will McVey was sitting in the back part of the wagon drawing a cannon the last seen of him to-day and remarked that he proposed to shoot all the trees out of the way so he could practice on a deer when he saw one.

The boys will undoubtedly have a fine time and will probably catch a few minnows if nothing else.

OFF FOR CHICAGO.

The M. K. & T. Offers Unusual Inducements to Attend the World's Fair Opening.

Tickets will be placed on sale October 18th, 19th and 20th to Chicago and return at the cheap rate of \$13, good to return until October 25th.

This cheap rate has been made to allow those who wish to attend the dedicatory ceremonies of the World's fair, on October 20th to 22nd, to do so with little cost.

H. L. BERRY,
Ticket Agent.

Rev. Dr. Anna Shaw

AT THE

First M. E. Church

Friday Eve., Oct 21,

Subject:—"Fate of Republics."

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All the Real Estate belonging to the Home Building and Loan Association will be sold at Public Auction without reserve at the Court House door on

MONDAY, October 24, at 2 p. m.

Full particulars as to terms, lists of property etc., will be furnished by the

Porter Real Estate Co.

404 Ohio Street.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF FURNITURE!

—AT—

COLLINS & FARNHAM'S

Is to be Closed Out, CHEAP

FOR CASH!

WE have a full stock of Furniture all first-class, and it goes for no reason only the want of money. This is an Opportunity of a Lifetime! Don't Miss It! We mean business, for in the future we intend to make the Undertaking Department Our Specialty! Don't miss the place, 116 and 118 W. Second St. Ramsey's old stand. Telephone 123.

COLLINS & FARNHAM.

Nancy Hanks Special Sale

This week in Baby Carriages and Dinner and Chamber Sets.

WILL trot here Oct. 27 to beat her record of 2:04.

PHOTOGRAPH for sale of Nancy Hanks and Martha Wilkes at

F. H. EASTEY,

208 OHIO STREET, SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

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Steam Laundry.

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Work done promptly. We challenge comparison. We repair all work.

S. ZIMMERMAN & SON.

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Old Taylor Whiskey

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AT-- BOUTELLE'S.

Sedalia Democrat

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Established 1868. Inaugurated 1891.

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MY CHOICE IS



The EVENING DEMOCRAT.

"I would earnestly advise them for their good to order this paper to be punctually served up and to be looked upon as a part of the tea equipage."—ADDISON.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Patrons of the EVENING DEMOCRAT will confer a favor upon the management by promptly reporting any irregularity in delivery or bad condition of paper from improper handling.

Official Paper of the City of Sedalia.

CIRCULATION.

There are more Sedalia people regular readers of the EVENING DEMOCRAT than any other paper.

Boom the north and south railroad. The success of that enterprise will boom the town.

It is not yet too late to organize a company and build a convention hall in time for use next summer.

The success of the movement for a grand north and south trunk line railroad would be worth to Sedalia more money every month than is asked from Pettis county by the managers of the enterprise.

MIKE DOHERTY has made a faithful, honest, polite official during the one term he has held the office of collector. The fair minded voters of Pettis county will reward him with another term in the same office.

JUDGE CONWAY has little or no opposition for re-election. The admirable, fair and impartial manner in which he has discharged the duties of the office would insure his election even if his district were republican.

WHEN the Gazette brings out all the facts and incidents that happened in front of the jail on the night the mob was organized to hang the rapist it will find that it has seriously handicapped one of its favorites in the same way it did a short time ago.

In the race for sheriff the democratic nominee is far in the lead of his republican opponent. The people of Pettis county know James S. Hopkins as an honest man possessing all of the qualifications for the office for which he is a candidate.

JOHN E. AND CHARLES L. SMITH, among the biggest tanners of Eastern Massachusetts, says the St. Louis Mirror, have announced their intention to support Cleveland. Both have been staunch republicans. Edward Blumpton, republican heretofore, owner of a large iron foundry at Norwood, Mass., has declared for Cleveland. L. B. Jayne, millionaire lawyer of Philadelphia, and son of the late Dr. Jayne, who has been identified with the republican party all his life, has announced in a letter that he will vote

and work for Cleveland. And so it goes. It really looks as if by election day everybody will be for Cleveland.

VOTE FOR HEARD.

In the coming election the voters of this congressional district should not neglect to cast the usual complimentary vote for Hon. John T. Heard. At the last election, he received at this precinct 72 republican votes from personal friends and admirers who have received favors at his hands, says the *Rocheport Commercial*. These votes should be given again to Mr. Heard, who will appreciate them and not forget his friends who bestow them at the sacrifice of party affiliation. His majority at the last election was over 4000 votes and these figures should be materially increased this fall. Missouri township gave him the largest vote of any township in the district. Mr. Heard has ever proved himself worthy of the strong endorsement the received. He is a statesman of recognized ability and one of the few in this state who carries the full strength of his party as well as a nice complimentary vote from the republicans. Let every voter, regardless of political affiliations, see that the name of Hon. John T. Heard is on the ticket he places in the ballot box on the first Tuesday in November.

AMONG the beneficiaries of the McKinley laws are the manufacturers of type in this country, says an exchange. Home protection was stimulated by a high protective duty, but the resulting competition is to be regulated by a combine such as controls the supply, wages and prices in almost every industrial product upon which the consumers of the United States are dependent. Thus the people are plundered under the operations of the tariff laws, while denied the protection of an anti-trust law, which is in-operative. It is such facts as these that point the way of duty to voters in the present year.

ANOTHER steel mill has served notice of a reduction of wages. It is the Crescent steel works in Pittsburgh, and the reduction announced, 10 per cent., is to go into effect on October 20, says the *Jefferson City Tribune*. Thus is the wage-reducing power of the McKinley tariff law practically demonstrated week after week, notwithstanding the theoretical efforts of protection statisticians to convince the workmen that his pay is better. The American workman cannot be made to believe that a 10 per cent. reduction is a 20 per cent. increase.

NEVER in the history of American politics has a rival candidate for governor been made to appear so much inferior, in every way, to his opponent as Stone's individuality, his logic, his forcible language, his comparative towering intellectuality, did poor Warner at Kahoka Friday, says the *Carthage Democrat*. To take the sword of truth and the battering ram of reason and beat Warner as Stone did is almost cruelty to animals.

REPUBLICAN statisticians inform us that it costs \$3.50 more a ton to manufacture steel rails in this country than its does in England, says an exchange. The tariff is nearly \$13.50, so that the steel-rail trust makes a clear profit of \$10, which netted it \$31,450,000 last year, aside from legitimate profits. No wonder that plenty of money is forthcoming with which to buy Harrison's presidency, if that position is in the market.

INGERSOLL, in a talk to the Real Estate convention at Buffalo, said, "Let the men who live in palaces pay the taxes," and in the next breath: "All taxes are paid by labor; the atlas that supports this world is labor and nothing but labor." As labor pays taxes assessed against the occupants of palaces, says the *St. Louis Chronicle*, the Colonel's remedy for the ills we suffer in less logical than his attack on Moses.

REPUBLICAN organs charge that Chairman Harberty and his associates are placing themselves in the attitude of beggars on the street corners importuning passers by. Better that, says the *Detroit Free Press*, than playing the foot-pad role, holding up government clerks

and poor Indian teachers, with an order to stand and deliver for the campaign corruption fund.

COL. JOE RICEY, a cautious politician, tells the Mexico Intelligencer that he is quite sure that Cleveland will be elected. He had just received a letter from C. C. Matson, of Indiana, who predicted Cleveland would carry that state by 5,000. "It looks like a broad assertion," said the Colonel, "but I firmly believe Harrison will not carry a state west of the Alleghany Mountains. Weaver is sure to carry Kansas. Missouri? Why, she is as solid as the rocks of Gibraltar."

The school board of St. Joseph is interested in the school board fight and proposes to come to Sedalia's aid in establishing questions of fact bearing upon the points at issue. Other schools are awaiting the issue of the case with a great deal of interest and it is possible that the case will attract more attention than has been shown in a lawsuit in this state in many years.

THE hotels at Chicago are preparing to charge \$10 per day during the dedication of the World's fair, says an exchange. Such exhibitions of greed will make that town notorious long before the fair opens and contribute largely to make it a failure. Indeed, it is quite plain now that if the fair is a success it will be no fault of ravenous sharks in Chicago.

THE Kansas-City Times is authority for the statement that the republican managers have decided to apply to the federal government for the appointment of federal supervisors and deputy United States marshals to "guard" and manage the election in this state. And yet there are republicans who really think the force bill issue is dead.

WHAT do the masses of the republican party think of the plan of their managers to introduce force bill tactics in Missouri. Does any sane man believe it is done to secure a fair election? Is there not profound peace in Missouri? Is not every citizen protected in his rights?

WAYNE McVEAGH gives some very forcible reasons for becoming a democrat. There are thousands of former republicans who think just as he does about the matter and who will vote as they think.

THE democratic county ticket is one of the strongest and best ever placed before the people of Pettis county. It should win by an average majority of at least 500.

A Splendid Entertainment.

The estimable ladies of the Sacred Heart Catholic church will give a fair and festival in the old Baptist church building, opposite the court house, on October 17th, 18th and 19th. Music and concert will be given every evening.

The ladies of this church are noted for their hospitality and their ability to make everybody have a good time. Their fairs and festivals are always a big success and are looked forward to with pleasure by all who have ever had the good fortune to attend them. Everybody invited.

Too Much of a Risk.

It is not unusual for colds contracted in the fall to hang on all winter. In such cases catarrh or chronic bronchitis are almost sure to result. A fifty cent bottle of Chamberlain's cough remedy will cure any cold. Can you afford to risk so much for so small an amount? This remedy is intended especially for bad colds and croup and can always be depended upon. For sale by Aug. Fleischmann,

The Best is No Better

And the cheapest no cheaper than the coal sold by H. B. Weiman at 1010 East Third street. Telephone No. 125.

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Stoves are the best. See them at HOFFMAN BROS.

Fine, Juicy Oysters.

Fresh oysters, the first or the season, served in all styles at Siche's cafe. Also for sale by the can.

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We make shirts to order. Have been for thirteen years past and have given satisfaction. Prices are right. Your order solicited. JOHN WALMSLEY & CO.

Subscribe for the DEMOCRAT, only 10 cents per week.

Liquor for family use, 112 Osage, Frank Krueger.

CHINESE NUMERALS.

The Methods Adopted by Mongolian Laundrymen.

John Runs Out of Figures When He Reaches the Hundred Mark and Has to Resort to Words to Keep Count.

The Chinese laundryman is as a rule a very uncommunicative individual and does not make any great effort to enter into more intimate relations with strangers. However, the almond-eyed celestial with whom a Brooklyn Eagle man came in contact proved to be a little more free spoken than his countrymen generally are, possibly because he had mastered the language better than most Chinamen. He seemed ready to answer any interrogation that might be put to him, and in response to an inquiry willingly explained the system of laundry checks in universal use among Chinamen. To begin with, he illustrated how the checks were written with a brush-like pen with India ink on the red or green slips of paper. Usually red paper is used for bundles of collars and cuffs alone, and the green checks for bundles of laundry composed of different articles. The Chinese system of counting is similar to our own—that is, there are nine figures, but there is another character for ten which resembles a cross. The other nine figures are of curious formation, easily recognizable as being Chinese characters. The 1, 2 and 3 are represented by horizontal lines, the same as Roman numerals, except that the latter are vertical. The rest are of peculiar formation impossible to describe.

Now comes the point of difference between the Arabic system of notation and that of the disciples of Confucius. Instead of using the first nine figures combined with the figure 10 to express numbers greater than 10, the Chinese have different characters, which with the cross (10) are equivalent to what we call our "teens." Then the multiples of 10 are formed by the use of the same characters as for the teens, but the cross for 10 is placed to the right of the other character. There still remain all the other numbers beyond 20, except the multiples of ten, to be provided for. These are formed by combining the character used for the multiple of 10 and the character denoting the figure which, if added to the multiple, will make the desired number, except that, in combining the two, the cross denoting the 10 is omitted.

For example, in writing 40 a character resembling our X is placed to the left of the cross (10), and to make 43 the X and three lines, vertical in this case, are used, omitting the cross used in writing 40. Thus it will be seen that they will have eighteen characters while we have but ten, and our system is not nearly so cumbersome. To recapitulate, they have the nine characters which are represented by our own nine digits and the cross for 10, which we form by combining the 0 and the 1. There are eight more characters used in forming all the rest of the numbers. The 2 and 3 when used in forming these numbers are written vertically: the 4 is an X, the 5 resembles an 8, the 6 is like an L, the 7 the same with a line under it, the 8 the same with two lines under it and the 9 a combination of two curved lines. The Chinese cannot count beyond 100, or 99, rather, and so when the laundryman has exhausted all his numbers he is forced to fall back on words. Therefore he writes a word on the check twice, just the same as the number is written twice. The number is often written in the center also, and the check torn in two pieces right through these characters, and thus an additional safeguard is provided.

The word written on the check is generally the name of some familiar object or a motto. With each hundred checks this, of course, has to be changed. When the goods are put in the wash a strip of cotton cloth is tied to each one on which is written the number and, if necessary, the additional word and number of articles which have the same number. It will be seen that the system is cumbersome, necessitating much work. The price of the washing is marked on the part of the check the laundryman keeps, so that he can tell at a glance how much to charge.

A Weed That Eats Fish.

Commander Alfred Carpenter, writing from Suakin, Red sea country, contributes the following remarkable instance of a plant preying upon one of the vertebrates. The instance noted was observed by him when surveying the Paracel islands in the south China sea. "As I neared a pool cut off by the tide from the sea, I noticed among other submarine plants a very ordinary-looking flesh-colored weed. Bending to inspect it closer, I noticed numbers of small fish lying helpless in its fronds, apparently with little or no life in them. Putting my hand down to pick one of them up I found my fingers caught by suckers on the weed, the fronds of which had closed tightly upon them. The fish had been caught in every conceivable way—by the head, the tail, sides, etc.—and some of them had been held until the skin was completely macerated. Those of the fish that were still living had evidently been caught at different times, they appearing in all stages of exhaustion. I regret being unable to name either the plant or the fish, but that the botanic cannibal really preyed upon the finny denizens of the deep there isn't the least doubt."

Didn't Like It a Bit.

A few days ago an elderly gentleman and his wife came down Broadway together, says the *New York World*. A lady crossing the street fell down. The old gentleman rushed to her assistance and helped her in every possible way. When he returned to his wife she shook her fist at him. "It's all right, it's right," he whispered. "Yes, I know it's all right," she replied, hotly. "Here's an unknown woman falls down and you plow across the street to help her, and the other day I fell downstairs and you wanted to know if I was practicing for a circus."

SHE HAD THE CAMELS.

The Country Bridegroom Couldn't Coax Her to Give Him More Than One.

They sat on the shady side of a Lake George steamer, and, though it was only a half-pound box of caramels, it settled the question of domestic authority. He was a thin young man with a nervous air. He wore a mustache that was even more bashful than himself, and his face was so freckled that if there were any more freckles to come they ought to have been told to wait—"Standing room only." His entire outfit of clothing was new, from his new and squeaky shoes to his thirty cent necktie, equally new, though not squeaky, and he fidgeted around on a steamer camp stool with all a country bridegroom's bashful fondness. As for his companion, the *New York Tribune* says, it would have taken a two hundred horse-power imagination working under forced draught to think her pretty. She had large blue eyes and a prominently open mouth, from which projected several large and snappy teeth, like rocks at low tide. After the fourth or fifth landing he went into the cabin and soon returned with a box of caramels. She seemed much pleased at this attention, and began the opening process immediately. When finally the caramel stratum was reached she extracted one, handed it to her husband, reserved another for herself, and then carefully tied up the box again.

"If we are careful of these, Charles, dear," she said, brightly, "they'll last our whole trip. You know we must be very economical, sweetheart."

No answering gleam of oneness and pride played about among the freckles. Charles ate his meager allowance of caramel in silence, watched hers disappear within her capacious mouth, and then he said: "Nice, wasn't it?" "Delicious, dear."

There was a moment's silence. "Wouldn't you kinder like another, Maria?" he suggested. "I think we ought to save them, Charles, dear." He looked longingly at the box with its white paper and gilt cord and nervously twirled the bit of old paper, sole reminder of his caramel. "Maria."

"Yes, darling." "What was yours?" "Strawberry, sweetheart," she said lovingly. "What was yours?"

"Fact is," he said slowly, "I don't know. Maybe one caramel may be enough for your little rosybud mouth, but for me to ketch the taste it takes two. Gimme another, Maria."

She did not move. She looked off dreamily over the lake and said quietly: "We mustn't eat another till we get on the train, Charles, dear, but maybe 'tain't too late to ketch the flavor, now, sweetheart, if you taste hard."

MATERNALISM.

The Young Woman Here Mentioned Had It to a Large Extent.

Whether maternalism is the best form of domestic government each domestic governor must decide for herself. That it is the one preferred by many of the domestics in our kitchens is well known. The most extreme view I ever saw taken of the subject was that of a tall, red-haired virago, who, for some little time, condescended to do my kitchen work. She had virtues outnumbering her objectionable qualities, or she would not have stayed as long as she did.

She commonly addressed me affectionately as "mamma." I got used to this, and only laughed at her daily question: "What shall I order from the grocer, mamma?"

Upon one occasion, however, she reached the limit. Dinner, as well as the family, was awaiting the master of the house, when Celia suddenly appeared at my door, flushed and panting.

"What is it, Celia?" "I'd just like to know, mamma, how much longer I'm to keep dinnerstandin' for papa? It's been waitin' near an hour now."

The effect upon "papa," who happened to be just entering, can be imagined.

LUCK IN A DIGIT.

The Finger of a Dead Man Supposed to Bring Fortune.

The pearl hunters of Borneo and adjacent islands have a peculiar superstition. When engaged in opening shells in search of pearls they take every ninth find, whether it be large or small, and put it into a bottle which is kept tightly corked with a dead man's finger.

The pearls thus kept, says American Notes and Queries, are known as "seed pearls" or "breeding pearls," the natives of all the islands mentioned firmly believing that they will reproduce their kind. For every pearl put into the phial two grains of rice are put in for the pearls to "feed" upon.

Some whites in Borneo believe as firmly in the superstition as the natives do, and almost every hut along the coast has its "dead finger" bottle with from nine to fifty "seed pearls," and twice that number of rice grains carefully and evenly stowed away among them.

Prof. Kimmery says that nearly all the burial places along the coast have been desecrated by "pearl breeders" in search of corks for their bottles.

Roosting Birds.

The mechanism of the leg and foot of a chicken or other bird that roosts on a limb is a marvel of design. It often seems strange that a bird will sit on a roost and sleep all night without falling off, but the explanation is perfectly simple. The tendon of the leg of a bird that roosts is so arranged that when the leg is bent at the knee the claws are bound to contract, and thus hold the bird with a sort of death grip the limb around which they are placed. Put a chicken's feet on your wrist and then make the bird sit down and you will have a practical illustration on your skin that you will remember for some time. By this singular arrangement, seen only in such birds as roosters, they will rest comfortably and never think of holding on, for it is impossible for them to let go till they stand up.

GROVE'S Cathartic Sugar

(TASTELESS.)

As Pleasant to the Taste as Lemon Sugar.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR Constipation and Biliousness.

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GET THE BEST.

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Plow's Candies and Cakes OF ALL KINDS.

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suffering from any disease will

do well to call on him as he

treats all kinds of diseases in

either sex.

The above cut represents our method of curing all diseases of the eye, ear, head or throat with the "Actina" Battery.

RAILROAD TIME-CARDS.

Missouri, Kansas and Texas Ry.			
SOUTHBOUND.		MAIN LINE.	
No. 1, Texas Express, 5:45 p. m.	6:15 p. m.	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 3, " " " " " "	8:55 a. m.	6:15 p. m.	
NORTHBOUND.		MAIN LINE.	
No. 2, Texas Express, 8:15 a. m.	10:40 a. m.	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 4, Chicago Exp's, 5:50 p. m.	6:10 p. m.		
Sedalia, Warsaw and Southern.			
NORTH BOUND.		Arrives.	
No. 200, Accommodation, 3:00 p. m.			
SOUTH BOUND.		Leaves.	
No. 199, Accommodation, 8:15 a. m.			
Missouri Pacific Ry.			
MAIN LINE.		WESTBOUND.	
No. 1 Day Express, 3:25 p. m.	3:35 p. m.	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 3 Night Express, 3:15 p. m.	3:25 p. m.		
No. 5 Fast Mail, 7:15 p. m.	3:40 p. m.		
No. 7 Fast Mail, 7:15 p. m.	3:40 p. m.		
No. 9 Texas Express, 4:55 a. m.	8:00 a. m.		
No. 7 does not carry passengers.			
MAIN LINE.		EASTBOUND.	
No. 2 Day Express, 12:55 p. m.	12:40 p. m.	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 4 Night Express, 11:55 p. m.	12:01 p. m.		
No. 6 Local Passenger, 10:40 a. m.	10:45 a. m.		
No. 8 Night Express, 12:40 a. m.	12:45 a. m.		
Lexington Branch.			
WESTBOUND.		Arrive.	
No. 103 Colorado Exp's	5:05 a. m.		
No. 101 Local Freight,	3:45 p. m.		
No. 102 Local Freight,	10:55 a. m.		
EASTBOUND.		Arrive.	
No. 102 St. Louis Exp's, 10:30 p. m.			
No. 104 Local Passenger, 10:30 p. m.			
No. 105 Local Freight, 3:00 p. m.			

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of nervous disease, or any dis-
order of the generative organs,
of either sex, whether arising
from the excess - AFTER
the use of the French Cure, or
through youthful indiscretion, over indul-
gence, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power,
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Scurvy, Venereal Disease, Nervous Prostra-
tion, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhoea,
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Impotency, which if neglected often lead to
premature old age and insanity. Price \$1.00 a
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for every \$5.00 order, and to refund the money
if a permanent cure is not effected. We have
thousands of testimonials from old and young
of both sexes, who have been permanently
cured by the use of the French Cure. Circulars
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Western Branch, 1011 Main, Oregon.
FOR SALE BY
OVERSTREET, THE DRUGGIST.

TELEGRAPHERS OUT

**Sudden Strike of the Operators on
a Texas Line.**

THE ROAD ACTS DISCOURTEOUSLY.

**The Chairman of the Grievance Com-
mittee Refused a Hearing—Conse-
quently the Men Strike—Another
Road in Trouble.**

GALVESTON, Tex., Oct. 17.—The strike of telegraph operators and station agents of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe system is on. Promptly at 7 o'clock almost every man from Purcell, I. T., to Galveston, Temple to San Angelo, Cleburne to Paris and Cleburne to Weatherford left his post of duty and the struggle between the management of the road and this branch of the service commenced.

In the Santa Fe office in this city there appeared to be nothing unusual happening. Operators who were on duty seemed to have a determined look, but no great excitement was apparent. They were quietly waiting for the designated hour. When 7 o'clock rolled around they put on their coats, bundled up what business had been sent, left unattended on the hooks and left the office. As they were going down stairs they met night operators coming on duty. Few words were necessary and with one accord the latter turned around and followed the day men out of the building.

This strike extends to all station agents also who act as operators, hence it ties up freight business at all small towns. The cause of the strike is the refusal to comply with a demand for \$50 monthly minimum pay instead of \$30 as heretofore, with twelve hours to constitute a day's work and extra pay for overtime. Chiefs of departments of the Order of Railway Telegraphers at Topeka, Chicago, Pueblo and Albuquerque have been notified of the strike to prevent the introduction of new men from other quarters. The grievance committee here is acting under the direction of Grand Chief Thurston and Grand Counselor Ramsay, and the strike will be officially indorsed and supported by the order. The strikers will receive from the order half pay during idleness. The operators are thoroughly determined and feel confident of winning. The strike will probably extend over the entire system.

Advices received by the committee having in charge the management of the strike late last night indicate that about 200 operators and agents of the road have gone out. This represents 98 per cent. of the employees of this branch of the service. The train dispatchers have joined the strikers. Advices received from the train dispatchers of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe at Albuquerque indicate that they are in full sympathy with the strikers. General Manager Wheeler says the strike was wholly unexpected by him and he will make a statement for publication today. Chairman Clark, of the grievance committee, said that the road refused to recognize the authority of the representative of the head of the Order of Telegraphers and would not treat with him, and refused to further consider the grievances and schedule presented.

MISSOURI PACIFIC NEXT.
St. Louis, Oct. 17.—The adjustment of the difficulties between the Missouri Pacific road and its telegraph operators will either be completed to-day or a strike will ensue. In discussing the matter with a reporter Chief Ramsay said: "The matter has been deferred until to-day, when we will know definitely what our future course will be. We are asking for a minimum salary of \$55 per month. Operators of this system now get from \$26 to \$125 per month. We want a schedule of wages signed by the company to stand a year and afterward renewed, showing us exactly where and how we stand."

FEATHERWEIGHT MURDERER.

Tommy Warren Kills a Man and Takes Flight.
WACO, Tex., Oct. 17.—Tommy Warren, ex-featherweight champion, entered the St. Charles saloon, where "Skeeter" Root, a young gambler, and two women were drinking, and opened fire with a revolver, apparently endeavoring to hit Root. In this he did not succeed, but one of his bullets passed through the body of Clement Stoval, an attaché of the saloon, causing death. Warren disappeared after the shooting and has not yet been captured.

Murdered Body Found.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—A skeleton found near the road back of Oakland has been identified as that of J. A. Launz, of Grant, Neb., who was probably murdered for his money, as his skull was fractured. The identity of the skeleton would not have been revealed, except for finding a valise in the hills near by. It contained letters to Launz from J. B. Bakus, of Grant, Neb., and said Launz's wife feared he had been killed by Apaches, as she had not heard from him. There was also a letter from his mother at Lycopis, Pa.

Gen. Dent Seriously Ill.
DENVER, Col., Oct. 17.—Gen. F. T. Dent has for several weeks past been very ill at the hospital at Fort Logan. He has, however, so far improved during the past week that Saturday he was removed to his home in this city. Gen. Dent is a veteran of the Mexican war, a brother-in-law of Gen. Grant and a well known military man of national reputation.

Homesteaders After More Trouble.
HOMESTEAD, Pa., Oct. 17.—It was reported to Deputy Sheriff Ritchie that a concerted effort is to be made to prevent a number of non-union workers who live at Gheringtown from going to work. To prevent this a force of deputies will be on hand and any crowd which may assemble will be promptly dispersed.

A GREAT CONSOLIDATION.

The Standard Oil Co. Organizes a Gigantic Northwest Trust.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., Oct. 17.—Negotiations are now said to be pending for a consolidation of the capital and management of seven of the largest corporate bodies of the northwest. Rumors of the deal have been current all summer but no official announcement has been made. The story has been confirmed by a Superior capitalist, himself interested, who says: "The deal means that the Standard Oil magnates, who have been gradually absorbing the interests of territory around the head of Lake Superior, are now ready to show their hand; that they have secured control and are now ready to assume it. From the first Rockefeller and his business associates have been heavily interested in the American Steel Barge Co. and have held large blocks of its stock. Lately they have increased their holdings of stock in the Minnesota Iron Co. and the Iron Range Railway Co., and now have a controlling interest in both these companies, which are practically one. The control of the Minnesota Iron Co. carries with it also the control of the Minnesota Steel Co., and the Illinois Steel Co., of Chicago. The Superior is directly interested in the deal for the reason that in the consolidation are to be included also the West Superior Iron & Steel Co. and the Land & River Improvement Co., which projected and developed Superior.

"The results of such a combination to the northwest will be important. The aggregate capital surplus of the companies is in the neighborhood of \$50,000,000, and not a dollar of it is water."

CARNegie STEEL PLATE.

Dempsey Says That an Inferior Quality Has Been Furnished the Government.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 17.—District Master Workman Dempsey, of the Knights of Labor, has returned from New York where he has been working in behalf of the locked out men at Homestead. Speaking of the proposed investigation into the quality of armor plate furnished the government by the Carnegies, Mr. Dempsey said:

"You may say that a joint committee composed of members from District Assembly No. 49 of New York, 231 of Chicago and No. 3 of Pittsburgh has left the case of the Carnegie armor plate contract with the government in the hands of two of the ablest lawyers in New York. These gentlemen on behalf of the people will demand an investigation from congress of the armor plates submitted by the Carnegie Co. to the government. The belief is prevalent and seems to be well sustained that the inspectors at this end of the line have passed armor plate not up to the required standard. The committee is of the opinion that a few tests of the plate would be enough for the purpose of examination, but they will request the privilege of making the selection of the plates themselves, which they desire tested. If our attorneys are not successful in the appeal made by them to congress as it is presumed they will be, then the matter will at once be carried to the courts. The decision of the highest judiciary will be invoked as to whether the people will have to submit to what is believed by many to be a fraud."

Minister Ryan's Return.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Inquiry at the state department concerning the object of Minister Ryan's return was awarded with the statement that some weeks ago Mr. Ryan applied for a leave of absence from the City of Mexico for a month, commencing on the 12th inst. He would spend most of the time at his Topeka home. Before returning to his duties he would likely visit Washington and confer with the secretary of state about some important matters concerning commercial relations. Another feature of his visit will be to look after the extradition treaty between the United States and Mexico, which has been hanging fire so long.

Terrific Waterspout.
SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Oct. 17.—News reached here of a terrific waterspout that occurred in Nueces county, on the King ranch. A territory embracing 400,000 acres of land was flooded to a depth of two feet. It is sterile country and no loss of stock is reported. The track of the Texas & Mexican National railroad was covered by a sea of water for a distance of ten miles. The rain for many miles around is the heaviest ever known in that section.

Head End Collision.
AUBURN, Ind., Oct. 17.—A disastrous head end collision occurred near here on the Baltimore & Ohio road. Thirty cars were totally wrecked and a brakeman named Charles Henthorn, of Obispo, Ind., and Jack Lanning, a fireman, of Garrett, Ind., are dying from their injuries. Both engines were badly damaged.

An Early Morning Blaze.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., Oct. 17.—An early morning fire broke out in a frame building to-day. Among the losses were: Vulcan iron works, \$40,000; O. M. Smith, \$50,000; Wallis iron works, \$25,000; David Birdsall, \$25,000, and William H. Heinsinger, \$20,000. The loss is covered by insurance.

Cutting Affray.
SILVER LAKE, Kan., Oct. 17.—In a drunken row on the streets of this place at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Ed Gillis, used his knife with murderous effect on one of his acquaintances, Ernest Long, cutting him, supposed fatally, in the abdomen.

Two Boys Killed.
DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 17.—Yesterday afternoon two boys, aged 9 and 20, sons of J. H. McNamara, of this city, were run over by an electric motor and instantly killed. The youngest was decapitated and the other shockingly mutilated. The older boy was struck while trying to save the younger.

Mrs. Lizzie Stevenson and son Albert, of Cawker City, Kan., had rooms at the Aborn home at Des Moines, Ia. They had never seen gas before and blew it out. Mrs. Stevenson was found dead next morning, but Albert survived.

TEXTILE CENSUS.

**The Census Office Publishes a
Trade Bulletin.**

CONSIDERABLE INCREASE NOTICED.

**Decline Only in Number of Establish-
ments—Wages Paid More Than Ten
Years Ago—Comparison of Wool,
Cotton and Silk Productions.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The census office has made public a bulletin giving statistics of the textile industries of the United States as a whole.

It appears from the tables presented in this bulletin that an increase of silk manufacture since 1880 has been the most striking, being 112.75 per cent. in value of its product; that of cotton manufacture ranking second, being 39.59 per cent., and that of wool manufacture being 26.39 per cent.

The average increase in the entire textile industry is 88.51 per cent. The relative rank in importance of these industries, however, is reversed, wool manufacture in all its branches, including all descriptions of hosiery and knit goods, standing first, with gross products valued at \$37,768,524; cotton manufacture second, with products valued at \$26,981,724, and silk manufacture third, with products valued at \$87,298,454.

The actual increase in value of products has been \$71,715,611 in wool; \$75,891,614 in cotton and \$46,265,409 in silk. These combined industries yielded a product in the present census year worth \$693,048,792 as compared with a product in 1880 of \$500,376,068, an increase in ten years of \$192,672,654, which, it is stated, is without parallel in any country.

It is proper to state in this connection, says the bulletin, that there are 248 establishments engaged in dyeing and finishing textiles separate and apart from establishments which dye and finish their own products. These establishments had an invested capital of \$40,270,579, employing 20,267 hands, and paying \$9,717,011 in wages.

The value added to the product of the textile factories by these establishments amounted to \$28,900,560, a decrease of \$3,396,800 as compared with the sum of \$32,297,420 added value in 1880, this decrease being explained by the very great reduction in the cost of dyeing and finishing through improved methods, equal to fully 25 per cent.

The following percentage of increases are noted: Number of establishments, 0.99; capital invested, 81.51; number of hands employed (not including officers and clerks in common industry), 33.79; amount of wages paid (not including wages paid officers and clerks in common industry), 64.71; cost of material, 41.17; value of product, 38.51.

The increase in the amount of wages paid for the combined textile industries, says the bulletin, has been even more marked than the increase in value of products, being 64.71 per cent. in the combined industries; 61.77 per cent. in the wool manufactures, 77.05 per cent. in the cotton and 115.16 per cent. in the silk.

The total sum of \$162,365,598 was paid in the combined industries as wages to 688,921 employees, being average annual earnings for men, women and children of \$49.84, in the wool manufacture, as compared with \$29.33 in 1880, an increase of 19.26 per cent.; \$301.65 in the cotton manufacture, as compared with \$243.65 in 1880, an increase of 23.80 per cent., and \$386.55 in the silk manufacture, as compared with \$291.88 in 1880, an increase of 32.43 per cent.

THE RIO GRANDE STRIKE.

**The Situation Unchanged—An Effort at
Compromise.**

DENVER, Col., Oct. 17.—The situation on the Rio Grande remains unchanged. The men are still out and not a train has moved from Salida to Grand Junction since 7 o'clock Saturday morning.

A committee of strikers has left Salida for Denver to confer with President Jeffreys. It is hoped some agreement can be reached. Gov. Markham, of California, and staff, who were laid out at Grand Junction by the strike, came in over the Midland and left immediately for Chicago. There is danger that the strike will spread to the Midland, as the trainmen announce they will handle no Rio Grande passengers or freight.

The yards at Grand Junction are filling up with freight, and, to make matters worse, the switchmen have gone out in sympathy with the trainmen.

Americans Said to Be Wronged.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—News from Butaria, the chief city of the Gilbert Islands, gives a gloomy outlook for American traders on the islands unless the United States does something to protect their rights. Since the British flag was hoisted in July the Americans have been subjected to many insults and the native chiefs have been plainly told not to pay any attention to the orders of United States Consular Agent Rick, who heretofore had settled all disputes and had been the real power on the islands.

Immigrants Detained.
NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The first immigrants direct from Europe to be landed at Ellis island since the president's proclamation in relation to steerage passengers were taken off the Netherlands-American steamship Duddledam yesterday. There were 240 of them. They sailed from Rotterdam, where they had been under observation for five weeks and where their baggage had been subjected to a thorough disinfection. Most of the immigrants are bound for points outside of the city.

A Schooner Overdue.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Littlefield & Alvord report the schooner Eldridge & Sothern as thirty days overdue at the docks. She has a cargo of 1,000 tons of asphalt consigned to the Barber Pavement Co. and left Port of Spain, Trinidad, a month ago. She is supposed to have gone down. The bark Lapland, to the same consignee, with a cargo is about two weeks overdue.

BALMY WEATHER HURTFUL.

Mrs. Harrison Depressed Under Indian Summer Weather.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The soft, balmy Indian summer weather which Washington is enjoying is proving harmful to the president's invalid wife, for it has a depressing and enervating effect on her and increases the nervousness from which she suffers greatly. Consequently she is less well and strong to-day than she has been for the past



MRS. BENJAMIN HARRISON.
two or three days. A symptom in this case recently has been exceeding drowsiness, the patient sleeping for an hour or longer at a time and then waking up only to fall asleep again in a few minutes. This drowsiness has passed away to an extent, but it has shown its effects in increasing exhaustion.

Notwithstanding the fact that last evening she was weaker than for several days, Mrs. Harrison passed on the whole a fairly comfortable day and there is said to be no occasion for immediate alarm.

AN INJUDICIOUS REMARK.

An Ex-Alderman Who Thinks His Citizenship Merely Secondary.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 17.—A sensation was caused at the convention of the Catholic societies at the institute yesterday when the question of the carrying of flags in the coming Columbian celebration came up. A motion had been made to allow societies to carry any national flag they desired if they preceded it by an American flag. Ex-Alderman Brudner, of Harrison, arose to his feet and said impressively: "We should have the papal flag first. We are Catholics first and Americans afterward." An impressive silence followed this remark and no notice was taken of it. Fifty-nine societies were represented in the convention and it is estimated that there will be 10,000 in line in the parade and forty bands.

Double Sculling Match.

ORILLIA, Ont., Oct. 17.—The double sculling match on Lake Couchiching between George Hosmer and J. G. Gaudaur and Edward Hanlan and William O'Connor for a stake of \$2,500 and the double scull championship of the world was won by Hosmer and Gaudaur. The crews caught the water simultaneously. The mile and a half buoy was reached in 8:27. The race was unexciting. Gaudaur and Hosmer held their lead with apparent ease to the finish, crossing the line in 18:31. They won by about seven lengths. The time, considering the wind, was good.

Death in the Well.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Oct. 17.—Henry Humphrey, a farmer of Bourbon county, was overcome by gas while digging in a well on his farm. A neighbor named Joe Carter, who was manning the bucket, saw him fall in the bottom of the hole and consented to go down in the bucket to his rescue. He also was prostrated. A brother of the former called for help and was let down to rescue both. He succeeded in getting them out, but Humphrey was dead and Carter died later. The third man was also affected, but will recover.

Both Bad Men.

KINGSTON, Mo., Oct. 17.—A fight occurred here between Anthony Glasscock and Kelly Stone, two negroes, in which the former beat the latter in a brutal manner with a heavy shotgun, cutting his head badly and breaking his right arm near the shoulder. Glasscock is a large brutal black and Stone is a small mulatto barber. Both are bad men. Stone had recently returned here from a term at Jefferson City for burglary. The grand jury meets to-day and will take the case in hand.

A Hatting Town on Fire.

DANBURY, Conn., Oct. 17.—Bethel, an important hatting town three miles below this city, has had disastrous fires. The loss will be over \$125,000. The fire started in the stiffening room of Baird & Levy's factory and communicated with the adjoining factory, Richmond Bros., and then with G. G. Grant's large block, all being burned to the ground. Loss partly covered by insurance.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

A terrific waterspout is reported from Texas, which inundated many miles of country.

Rev. Henry S. Smith, professor in Lane seminary, is under trial for teaching heresy.

Catarino Garza, the Mexican revolutionist, has been heard from in Valparaiso, Chili.

The cases against Cudahy and Wright at Chicago have been dropped, proving to be a farce.

Republicans and populists are working together to elect congressmen from Tennessee.

The government has decided that no more contracts with Canadian attorneys will be approved.

Whitelaw Reid made an address before the Wholesale Dry Goods Dealers' association of New York city.

In Pittsburgh, Pa., a cable car became unmanageable, ran into a republic and a parade and killed two men.

Victoria Woodhull Martin says she will accept the nomination of the woman suffragists for president.

Secretary Rusk has made a statement showing what has been done to open up and enlarge markets for American pork and corn.

The Cherokee commission has successfully closed the demand for the purchase of the Kiowa and Comanche lands in the Indian territory.

GULF STORM.

**Vessels Arriving at New Orleans
Report a Terrible Storm.**

A HONDURAS SCHOONER CAPSIZED.

**Eleven of Those on Board Perish—The
Remaining Two Picked Up in a
Small Boat at Sea Under Dif-
ficult Circumstances.**

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 17.—The Norwegian steamer Washington, Capt. Salvesen, for Boca del Torra, has arrived in port. She reports on October 10, latitude 14.46 north, longitude 83.26 west, that she encountered a hurricane from north northwest around lowest southwest, lasting until 2 a. m. October 11, accompanied by mountainous seas. The vessel shipped much water and had boat covers and moveables on deck swept away and cargo slightly damaged. The captain and first officer were injured by being knocked about by the heavy seas and the rolling of the vessel.

Norwegian steamer Agnes, Capt. F. Hansen, from Bluefields, Nicaragua, arrived last evening. She reports having on October 10, at 8 p. m., encountered hurricane from north-northwest, veering to southwest and south, barometer 29.24, with tremendous seas flooding the steamer's decks fore and aft. The vessel was "hove to" until 4 a. m. October 11, when the weather moderated. She also reports that at 7 a. m. October 11, she sighted what appeared to be a boat in which were two men, the waves at the time being very high. Diving down to them she found two sailors clinging to part of a boat; passing near to them, she succeeded in throwing them a line, to which they clung and were drawn aboard the ship in safety.

The men belonged to the Honduras schooner Stranger, which had capsized at 11 p. m. on October 10. The schooner had thirteen passengers on board, including seven women and children; also a crew of five men, including the captain, all of whom, with the exception of the two rescued, were drowned. The schooner was bound from Balize via Ruatan for Bluefields, registered and owned in Ruatan. The men rescued are Thomas Connor and Charles Scott.

Among the passengers lost by the capsizing of the schooner Stranger were: Miss Frances McBride, of Ruatan; Miss Wright, of Bluefields; Mrs. Thompson, of Ruatan, and Miss Fannie Steinn, of Ruatan.

A "FREE FIGHT."

**Ruffians Attack the Salvation Army at
Wyandotte, Mich., and Crush a Woman's
Skull.**

WYANDOTTE, Mich., Oct. 17.—In a free fight here early yesterday morning between the Salvation army and a gang of roughs, five persons were seriously injured, one of them fatally. The list of injured is as follows:

Carrie Lowe, lieutenant, "skull crushed; Fra Hutchins, grifter, cut on face and head; Henry Griffith, stabbed in thigh; Joseph Peoples, Salvation army member, broken arm and cut on head; Tillie Gracey, an onlooker, face cut.

For a long time there has been ill feeling between the tough element and the salvationists. As the army was marching along somebody threw a brick at Lieut. Low, felling her to the earth. This was the signal for a general attack and bricks, stones, clubs and knives were freely used on the panic stricken army. The latter made no attempt at defense, but scattered as fast as possible. No arrests have been made.

WYOMING WAR.

Two Men Taken From Officers and Riddled With Bullets.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Oct. 17.—Report just reaches here of the brutal assassination of two men in the Big Horn country. J. S. Bedford and several other

